# Geometric Folding Algorithms: Linkages, Origami, Polyhedra

## Updates to Chapter 22, Section 22.4: Ununfoldable Polyhedra

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#### Abstract

Updates to Chapter 22, Edge-Unfolding of Polyhedra [DO07], specifically to Section 22.4, Ununfoldable Polyhedra.

### 1 Updates

Several new ununfoldable polyhedra have been discovered:

- Topologically convex ununfoldable polyhedra with 6 faces and 7 vertices, and with 7 faces and 6 vertices; see [ADE<sup>+</sup>22]. It's still open whether 5 or 6 faces/vertices are possible.
- "Very ununfoldable" polyhedra requiring many pieces, ununfoldable polyhedra with acute triangular faces, and ununfoldable polyhedra made by gluing together tetrahedra, are all in [DDE20]. This paper in particular provides a cleaner final argument for why cutting hats into multiple components must disconnect the polyhedron's surface, and can even force many pieces (see Theorems 3.1 and 5.1).

### References

- [ADE<sup>+</sup>22] Hugo A. Akitaya, Erik D. Demaine, David Eppstein, Tomohiro Tachi, and Ryuhei Uehara. Ununfoldable polyhedra with 66 vertices or 6 faces. *Computational Geometry*, 103:101857, 2022.
- [DDE20] Erik D Demaine, Martin L Demaine, and David Eppstein. Acutely triangulated, stacked, and very ununfoldable polyhedra. In 32nd Canad. Conf. Comput. Geom., pages 106–113, 2020.
- [DO07] Erik D. Demaine and Joseph O'Rourke. Geometric Folding Algorithms: Linkages, Origami, Polyhedra. Cambridge University Press, 2007.